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| --- | --- |
| **HANOI DOET**  **TRUNG GIA HIGH SCHOOL**    **School - year: 2017 - 2018**  ***(Test consists of 6 pages)***  **NAME:………………**  **Student’s code: ……………..** | **THE ENGLISH OLYMPIC EXAMINATION**  **( GRADE 10)**  **DATE: …..**  **TIME: 90 minutes**    **Mark: ………………….** |

***Ghi chú: Giám thị không giải thích gì thêm.***

***Thí sinh làm bài ngay trên đề thi.***

**--------------------------------------------------**

**A. PHONETICS (2 points)**

**I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others. (1 point)**

1. A. southern B. flourish C. country D. south

2. A. looked B. moved C. rained D. carried

3. A. show B. powerful C. lower D. snowy

4. A. measure B. division C. pleasure D. insure

5. A. match B. switch C. stomach D. catch

**Answers:**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **1……** | **2…….** | **3…….** | **4……….** | **5……….** |

**II. Choose the word which is stressed differently from the others. (1 points)**

6. A. cafeteria B. guarantee C. significant D. economics

**7**. A. conservatively B. necessarily C. mysteriously D. discovery

8. A. machine B. secure C. numerous D. suspicious

9. A. champagne B. institute C. purpose D. sociable

10. A. efficiency B. government C. opinion D. conclusive

**Answers:**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **1……..** | **2………….** | **3……….** | **4……..** | **5………** |

**B. GRAMMAR AND VOCABULARY *(7 points)***

**I. Choose the best answer among A, B, C or D to complete the sentences and situations. (10 points)**

11. On \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ he had won, he jumped for joy.  
 A. telling B. he was told C. being told D. having told

12. Jill: ‘I’ve waited 3 hours for a bus now.’ - Frank: ‘\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_’

A. What a bore! B. What a boring! C. What bores! D. What boring!

13. I looked for George and Mike but l saw*\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_* of them.

A. all B. none C. neither D. both

14*.* 10. Mike: ‘I’m taking my driving test tomorrow.’ - Jane: ‘\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_’

A. Good fortune B. Good luck C. Good outcome D. Good success

15*.* The car to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_you are referring happens to be mine!

A. that B. whom C. which D. who

16. Students in the United States often support themselves by babysitting, working in restaurants, or \_\_\_\_\_\_\_taxicabs.

A. they drive B. to drive C. driving D. drive

17. She viewed the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_of a week alone in the house without much enthusiasm.

A. prospect B. prospects C. prospector D. prospective

18. Farmers look forward to *\_\_*\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the county fairs every summer.

A. participating in B. participate in C. be participating to D. have participated to

|  |
| --- |
| DO NOT  WRITE  HERE |

**………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………**

19. Most comets have two kinds of tails, one made up of dust, *\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_*made up of electrically charged particles called plasma.

A. one another B. the ọther C. other ones D. the others

20. By 1820, there were over sixty steamboats on the Mississippi river,\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ were quite luxurious.

A. many of them B. which many C. many of which D. many that

21. They named their daughter ................... their favorite movie star.

A. of B. for C. after D. on

22. I won't speak to her ........................ she apologizes.

A. in case B. in spite of C.so that D. unless

23. My mother used to ........................ research in this library when she was a student.

A. make B. do C. doing D. making

24. Let’s go to the beach this weekend,..............................?

A. shall we B. do we C. don’t we D. let we

25. He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a large sum of money when his aunt died.  
 A. came off B. came out C. came into D. came over

26. I don't mind .....................home but I'd rather ............................ a taxi.

A. to walk / to get B. walking / getting C. walking / get D. walk / getting

27. There are................................................ young people who care about hip hop.

A. more and more B. less and less C. many and many D. most and most

28. The parting meeting was really moving and wonderful. I wish you............................................

A. to come B. had come C. would have come D. came

29. I don't usually like staying at hotels but last summer we spent a few days at ..................very nice

hotel by ..............sea.

A. a / - B. a / the C. the / a D. - / the

30. I can't find the tickets. I seem ................ them.

A. to have lost B. to lose C. losing D. to lost

31. Take your coat with you .................. it gets cold later.

A. if B. as long as C. when D. in case

32. John wasn't at work yesterday. He.....................

A. must have been ill. B. must be ill. C. must have ill D. must to be ill.

33. My father has gone away. He'll be back .......... a week.

A. for B. at C. until D. in

34. The math problem was............difficult for him.............work out.

A. so / to B. too / that C. so / that D. too / to

35. ...................don't visit this part of the town.

A. Most tourists B. Most of tourists C. The most tourists D. Many tourist

36. What she said............... me..................unhappy.

A. made / to feel B. made / feel C. made / felt D. to make / feeling

37. I haven't seen her for ...................that I have forgotten what she looks like.

A. so long time B. a so long time C. a such long time D. such a long time

38. He is the most humorous man.............. I have ever met.

A. who B. whose C. that D. which

39. Do you know all the guests ........................ to the party?

A. inviting B. invitedC. who invited D. were invited

40. How beautiful she is! She is wearing a......................................... .

A. silk pretty purple dress. B. dress silk pretty purple.

C. purple pretty silk dress. D. pretty purple silk dress.

41. When I was in England, I could get used to .............on the left.

A. drive B. drove C. driving D. drives

42. This summer resort is absolutely wonderful and I’d ………. it to anyone.

A. accommodate B. talk C. recommend D. praise

43. He had an excellent grade in his examination \_\_\_\_\_ the fact that he hadn’t worked particularly hard.  
 A. in spite of B. although C. because of D. on account of

44. Not only \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ visit Japan but they plan to stop off in the USA as well.  
 A. they plan to B. they must C. will they D. are they paying

45. By the time Brown’s daughter graduates, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ retired.  
 A. he B. he has C. he’ll being D. he’ll have

**Answers:**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **11……** | **12……..** | **13…….** | **14……..** | **15……...** | **16……** | **17……** | **18…….** |
| **19…….** | **20……** | **21…….** | **22……** | **23…….** | **24…….** | **25……** | **26……** | **27…….** |
| **28……** | **29……** | **30…….** | **31……** | **32…….** | **33…….** | **34……** | **35…….** | **36…….** |
| **37……** | **38…….** | **39…….** | **40……** | **41…….** | **42…….** | **43……** | **44…….** | **45…..** |

**II. Choose the sentence that has the same meaning as the provided one:(1 point)**

**46**:***He spent all his money. He even borrowed some from me.***

A. Hardly had he borrowed some money from me when he spent it all.

B. Not only did he spend all his money but he borrowed some from me as well.

C. As soon as he borrowed some money from me, he spent it all.

D. Not only did he spent all his money but also he borrowed some from me.

4**7**: ***I read two books, but I didn’t find them interesting.***

A. Neither of the books I read was interesting. B. Either of the books I read weren’t interesting.

C. None of the two books I read was interesting D. The two books I read wasn’t interesting.

**48**:***If only I had taken that job in the bank***

A. I regret not take that job in the bank B. I don’t taken that job in the bank

C. I regret not taking that job in the bank D. I wish I took that job in the bank

**49**: “***It is you that stole my purse.” Mrs. Pike said to the young man.***

A. Mrs. Pike accused the young man of stealing her purse.

B. Mrs. Pike asked the young man to steal her purse.

C. Mrs. Pike told the young man that it was you that stole her purse.

D. Mrs. Pike denied the young man of stealing her purse.

**50: *It is said that many people are homeless after the floods.***

A. Many people are said to have been homeless after the floods.

B. Many people are said to be homeless after the floods.

C. Many people say that they are homeless after the floods.

D. Many people said that they were homeless after the floods.

**Answers:**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **46……** | **47……** | **48……** | **49……….** | **50…………** |

**III. Choose the underlined word or phrase in each sentence thatneeds correcting. (1 point)**

51. The price of coffee is low last month, but everyone knows that it is going to go up this month.

A B C D

52. The doctor, with his wife and children, are at home watching the election returns on TV.

A B C D

53. Each year people around the world spend billions of dollars to buy goods on the internet

A B C D

54. Children enjoy telling and listening to ghost - stories, especially in Halloween night.

A B C D

55. One of the most urgent problem facing us now is the need to control population growth.

A B C D

**Answers:**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **51………..** | **52………** | **53……..** | **54……..** | **55…….** |

**IV. Use the word given in capitals at the end of each line to form a word that fits in the space in the same line. The first one has been done for you (0). (2 points)**

**Kids watch more TV**

A study into children's television (0) *viewing* habits reveals VIEW

that children whose parents have a high level of (56) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ EDUCATE

tend to watch less television than children from less educated

family (57) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ . The report also suggests that a high rate of BACK

TV watching among children in poorer (58) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ areas SUBURB

and in the provinces, compared to those living in large urban center,

is often due to (59) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and a lack of other kinds of POOR

(60) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the area. Disco, cinema, theatre and sports ENTERTAIN

(61) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ offer children in urban center a wider range ACTIVE

of pastimes, which leads to far (62) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ hours being spent FEW

in front of the box. (63) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, comedies and adventure films COMMERCE

are children's (64) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ programs, while twenty per cent FAVOUR

of children said they preferred (65) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ films and thrillers. VIOLENCE

**Answers:**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **56………….** | **57…………** | **58…………..** | **59…………** | **60………….** |
| **61………….** | **62…………** | **63………….** | **64…………** | **65………….** |

**C. READING: (2 points)**

**Part 1: Read the text below and decide which answer (A, B, C or D) best ﬁts each space.**

Most British people go abroad on holiday, to visit family, or on short business trips. People are………....(66) to find out how to get urgent treatment before leaving the UK. They have to.............(67) a form which explains what they...............(68) do if they fall ill or....................(69) an accident, and what arrangements exist in ....................(70) country for medical treatment. The regulations are fairly simple but………….......(71) people do not have this information, they may …………….....(72) that private medical care is extremely expensive. It is not unusual for people to discover that they do not have……….…....(73) money with them to……….…....(74) the total cost and ………......(75) such circumstances an already difficult situation becomes even more complicated.

66. A. advised B. suggested C. said D. spoken

67. A. put B. bring C. fill D. get

68. A. ought B. will C. should D. may

69. A. have B. get C. happen D. take

70. A. their B. each C. one D. this

71. A. because B. whether C. as D. if

72. A. look B. want C. find D. know

73. A. enough B. little C. few D. full

74. A. pay B. give C. spend D. have

75. A. on B. in C. at D. up

**Answers:**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **66……….** | **67……….** | **68………..** | **69………….** | **70…………** |
| **71………** | **72……….** | **73……….** | **74………….** | **75………..** |

**Part 2:** **Read the passage and circle the best answer (A, B, C, or D) to each question. (1,25 point)**

***Read the following passage and choose the best answers to the questions.***

People appear to be born to compute. The numerical skills of children develop so early and so inexorably that it is easy to imagine an internal clock of mathematical maturity guiding their growth. Not long after learning to walk and talk, they can set the table with impressive accuracy – one plate, one knife, one spoon, one fork, for each of the five chairs. Soon they are capable of nothing that they have placed five knives, spoons, and forks on the table and, a bit later, that this amounts to fifteen pieces of silverware. Having thus mastered addition, they move on to subtraction. It seems almost reasonable to expect that if a child were secluded on a desert island at birth and retrieved seven years later, he or she could enter a second-grade mathematics class without any serious problems of intellectual adjustment.

Of course, the truth is not so simple. This century, the work of cognitive psychologists has **illuminated** the subtle forms of daily learning on which intellectual progress depends. Children were observed as they slowly grasped – or, as the case might be, bumped into – concepts that adults take for granted, as they refused, for instance, to concede that quantity is unchanged as water pours from a short stout glass into a tall thin one. Psychologists have since demonstrated that young children, asked to count pencils in a pile, readily report the number of blue or red pencils, but must be coaxed into finding the total. Such studies have suggested that the rudiments of mathematics are mastered gradually, and with effort. **They** have also suggested that the very concepts of abstract numbers – the ideas of oneness, a twoness, a threeness that applies to any class of objects and is a **prerequisite** for doing anything more mathematically demanding than setting a table – is **itself** far from innate.

76. What does the passage mainly discuss?  
 A. Trends in teaching mathematics to children.  
 B. The use of mathematics in child psychology.  
 C. The development of mathematical ability in children.  
 D. The fundamental concepts of mathematics that children must learn.

77. It can be inferred from the passage that children normally learn simple counting   
 A. soon after they learn to talk B. by looking at the clock  
 C. when they D. after they reach second grade in school.

78. The word illuminated in line 11 is closest in meaning to………  
 A. illustrated B. accepted C. clarified D. lighted

79. The author implies that most small children believe that the quantity of water changes when it is transferred to a container of a different…….  
 A. color B. quality C. weight D. shape

80. According to the passage, when small children were asked to count a pile of red and blue pencils they…..  
 A. counted the number of pencils of each color.  
 B. guessed at the total number of pencils.  
 C. counted only the pencils of their favorite color  
 D. subtracted the number of red pencils from the number of blue pencils.

81. The word they in line 17 refers to …………….  
 A. mathematicians B. children C. pencils D. studies

82. The word prerequisite in line 19 is closest in meaning to   
 A. reason B. theory C. requirement D. technique

83. The word itself in line 20 refers to  
 A. the total B. the concept of abstract numbers  
 C. any class of objects D. setting a table

84. With which of the following statements would the author be LEAST likely to agree?  
 A. Children naturally and easily learn mathematics.  
 B. Children learn to add before they learn to subtract.

C. Most people follow the same pattern of mathematical development.  
 D. Mathematical development is subtle and gradual

85. Where in the passage does the author give an example of hypothetical experiment?  
 A. Lines 3-6 B. Lines 9-11 C. Lines 11-14 D. Lines 17-20

**Answers:**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **76………** | **77……..** | **78……….** | **79……….** | **80………** |
| **81………** | **82……..** | **83……….** | **84……….** | **85………** |

**D. WRITING (3 points)**

***Part 1: Rewrite the sentence so that it has the similar meaning to the first one, by using the word given. (2 points)***

86. “Why don’t you complain to the company, Peter?” Said William.

William suggested………………………………………………………….………..........

87. He started studying science abroad 5 months ago.

He has ………………………………………………………………………..........

88. They had to wait for twelve hours before their flight left.

Only after………………………………………………………………………..….............

89. During his childhood the family lived in Cornwall.

His family……………………........................................................................................

90. Fewer people die from flu than 50 years ago.

Not as…………………………...................................................................................

91. I have never been to Paris before.

This is……………….. ................................................................................................

92. Their car is Italian. It’s big and red.

They’ve got.................................................................................................................

93. I think you should tell the police about the accident.

If I………….. ................

94. Susan was too excited to sleep.

Susan was so

95. I would prefer you to deliver the sofa on Friday.

I would rather

**Part 2 Complete the second sentence so that it has the similar meaning to the first one, by using the words given and do not change the form of the words. (1 point)**

96. All the students love the principal because he is very kind. (**his**)

.............................................................................................................................................

97. I have forgotten the tickets. I’m sorry for it. (**having**)

...............................................................................................................................................

98. He finally managed to get the job he applied for. (**succeeded**)

……………………………………………………………………………………………….……..

99. Robert has not had a job for two years. (**work**)

…......

100. It was easy for us to find the house. (**difficulty**) ………………………............................................................................................................

**\_\_\_\_ THE END \_\_\_\_**

**KEYS**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **HANOI DOET**  **TRUNG GIA HIGH SCHOOL**    **School - year: 2017 - 2018**  ***(Test consists of 6 pages)*** | **THE ENGLISH OLYMPIC EXAMINATION**  **( GRADE 10)**  **DATE: …..**  **TIME: 90 minutes** |

**A. PHONETICS (2 points)**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **1……D** | **2…….A** | **3…….B** | **4……….D** | **5……….C** |

II. Stress - pattern

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **6……C** | **7…….B** | **8…….C** | **9……….A** | **10……….B** |

**B. GRAMMAR AND VOCABULARY *(11 points)***

**Answers:**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **11……C** | **12……..A** | **13…….C** | **14……..B** | **15…C...** | **16…C…** | **17…A…** | **18…A….** |
| **19…B….** | **20…C…** | **21…C….** | **22…D…** | **23…B….** | **24…A….** | **25…C…** | **26…C…** | **27…A….** |
| **28…B…** | **29…B…** | **30…A….** | **31…D…** | **32…A….** | **33…D….** | **34…D…** | **35…A….** | **36…B….** |
| **37…D…** | **38…C….** | **39…B….** | **40…D…** | **41…C….** | **42…C….** | **43…A…** | **44…C….** | **45…D..** |

**Answers:**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **46…B…** | **47…A…** | **48…C…** | **49……A….** | **50……B……** |

**Answers:**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **51…A……..** | **52…B……** | **53…C…..** | **54…D…..** | **55…B….** |

**Answers:**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **56 Education** | **57 Background** | **58 Suburban** | **59 Poverty** | **60 Entertainment** |
| **61 Activities** | **62 Fewer** | **63 Commercials** | **64 Favorite** | **65 Violent** |

**C. READING: (4 points)**

**Answers:**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **66……A….** | **67……C….** | **68……C…..** | **69……A…….** | **70……B……** |
| **71……D…** | **72……C….** | **73……A….** | **74……A…….** | **75……B…..** |

**Answers:**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **76…C……** | **77…A…..** | **78…C…….** | **79……D….** | **80…A……** |
| **81…D……** | **82…C…..** | **83…B…….** | **84…A…….** | **85…C……** |

**D. WRITING (3 points)**

86.William suggested Peter (should) explain to the company.

87. He has studied science abroad for 5 months.

88. Only after a twelve – hour wait, did their flight leave.

89. He family lived in Cornwall when he was a child.

90. Not as many people die from flu as they did 50 years ago.

91. This is the first time I have ever been to Paris.

92. They’ve got a big red Italian car

93. If I were you, I would tell the police about the accident.

94. Susan was so excited that she couldn’t sleep.

95. I’d rather you delivered the sofa on Friday.

96. All the students love the principal because of his kindness.

97. I regretted not having remembered tickets.

98. He finally succeeded in getting the job he applied for.

99. Robert has been out of work for 2 years.

100. We had no difficulty (in) finding the house